263. From the preceding table it is found that the population of the several provinces had their birth-places in Canada, other British Possessions and Foreign Countries, in the following proportions, in 1881 and 1891:—

PROPORTION OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN IN CANADA, 1881 AND 1891.

Provinces.	1881.			1891.		
	Born in Canada.	Born in British Possessions.	Born else- where.	Born in Canada.	Born in British Possessions.	Born else- where.
Ontario Quebec Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Manitoba British Columbia. Prince Edward Island The Territories.	93.6	18·4 3·8 5·4 7·8 13·2 12·1 8·1 0·5	4·0 1·9 1·0 2·0 13·3 17·2 0·7 4·0	80·8 94·5 94·1 93·1 70·8 57·9 94·1 80·9	15·5 3·7 4·8 5·2 18·5 21·5 5·2 13·0	3·7 1·8 1·1 1·7 10·7 20·6 0·7 6·1
Canada	85.9	11.1	3.0	86.6	10.1	3.3

264. The proportion of native-born has increased in the four older provinces and in Prince Edward Island, while it has decreased very considerably in the newer portions of the Dominion, showing that those portions are largely settled by immigration from outside the country. Manitoba has evidently received a very large proportion of her increased population from the other provinces.

In the United States the foreign-born were 14.77 per cent of the whole population in 1890, against 13.32 per cent in 1880, leaving the native-born 85.23 per cent in 1890, and 86.68 per cent in 1880. Canada has, therefore, a somewhat larger proportion of its inhabitants native-born, and has increased the proportion in the decade 1881–1891, while the United States decreased their proportion of native-born in the same decade. Including those born under the British flag in other parts of the Empire with the native-born, there is only 3.3 per cent of the population of Canada that is foreign-born.

265. The religions of the people of Canada as ascertained by the census of 1891 are given on the following page:—